

# New States after 1200

- New Age = Iron Age
- New States created by political vacuum left by the Sea Peoples

New this period

Permanent empires

Horse/chariot and iron weapons

monetary economies after 600 BCE

Global economy intensifies

# 'Iron Age'

- Classical Civilizations
- Greece
- Alexander the Great/Hellenistic Civs
- Rome

# ‘Sea Peoples’

I put this in parenthesis because most arrived by land

1177 BC: The Year Civilization Collapsed  
(Eric Cline, PhD)  
youtube



# Battle of the Delta

## Ramesses III

### 1177



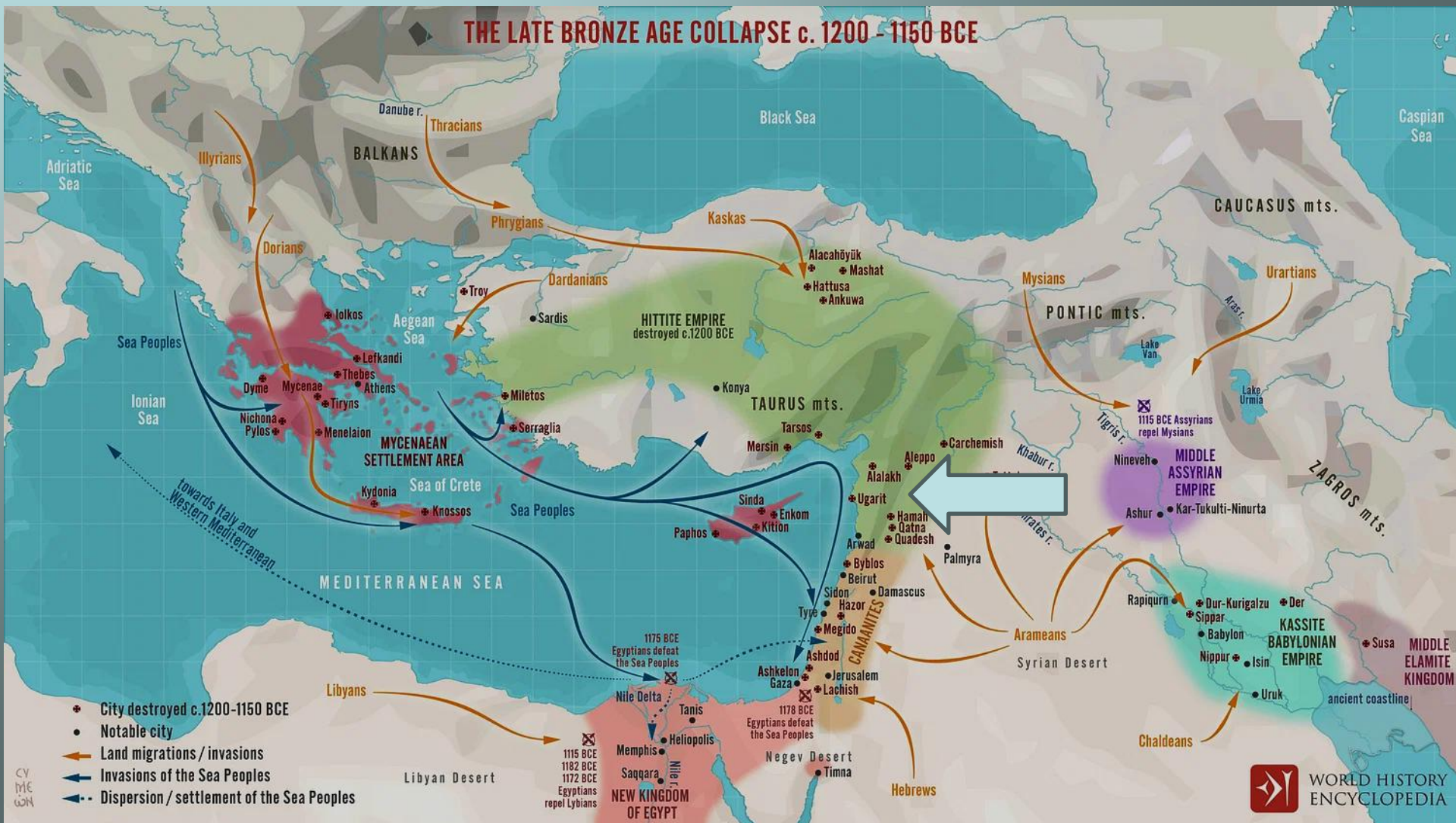


# Why/What?

- Megadraughts-300 yrs
- Famine
- So trade systems collapse
- So piracy
- Plus as Hittite empire and Ugarit collapse more people are displaced
- So snowball effect

# Origin?

## Read quote 1



# Consequences

- Kingdoms destroyed:
  - Minoan/Mycenean
  - Hittite
  - Ugarit and several Levant city-states
  - Cyprus
- Empires destroyed:
  - Egyptian
  - Hittite

# Invasions and migrations c. 1200 BC



Sea peoples including Lukka, Sherden, Weshesh attacked Egypt unsuccessfully



Sea peoples including Peleset, Shekelesh, Denyen attacked Egypt unsuccessfully



Sea peoples destroyed settlements in Syria and Cyprus



Possibly Tareish movement to Etruria & Shekelesh to Sardinia



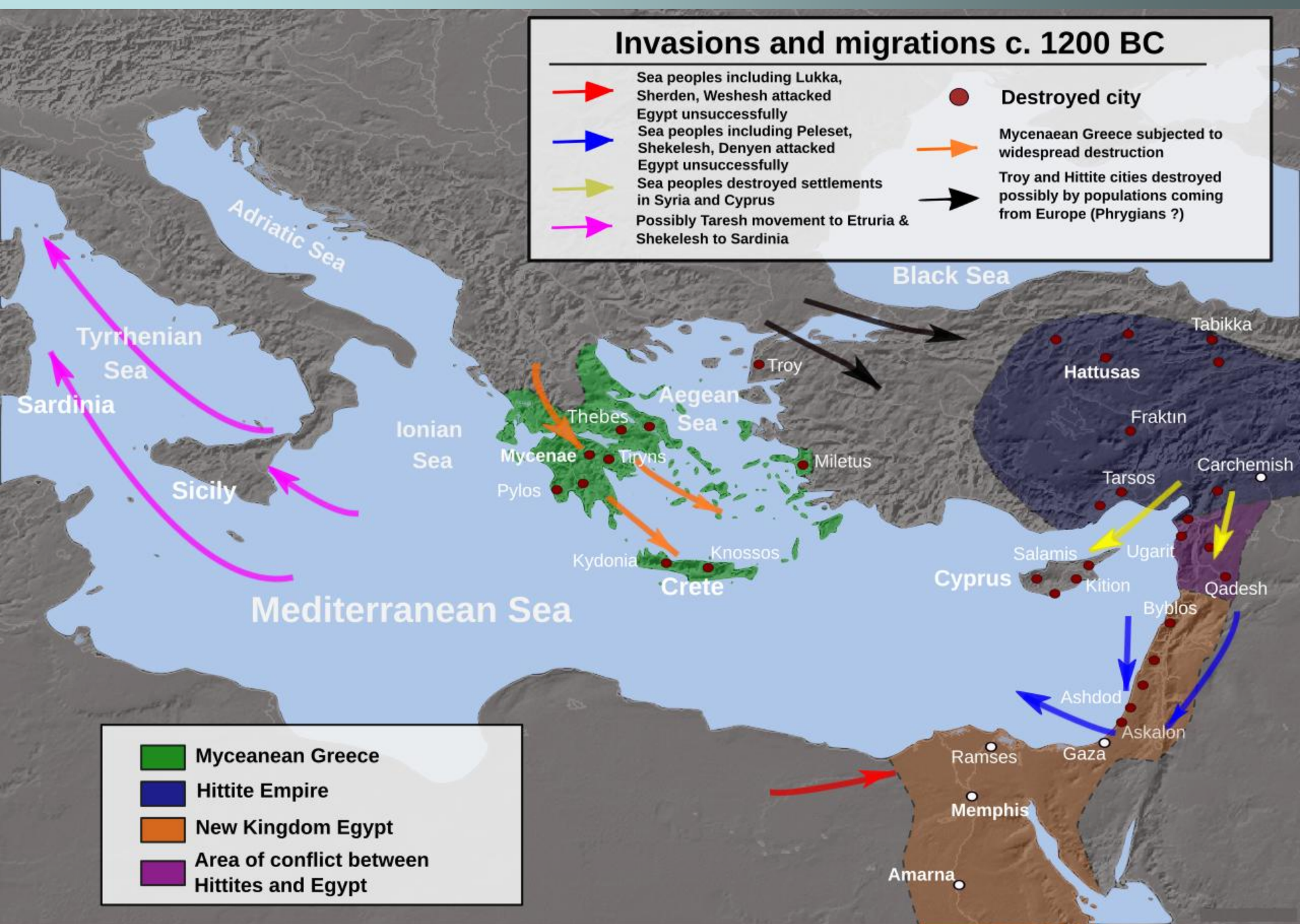
Destroyed city



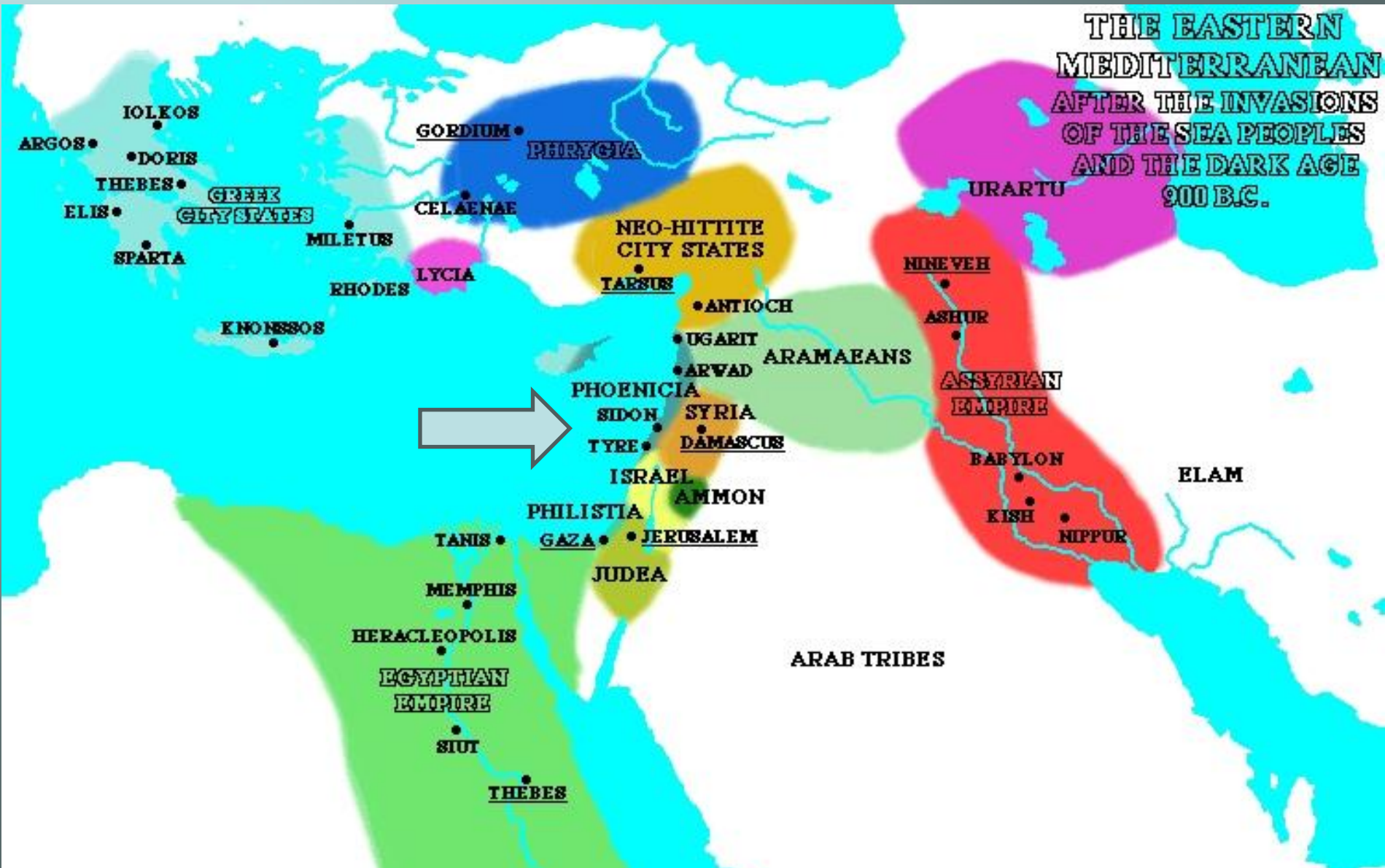
Mycenaean Greece subjected to widespread destruction



Troy and Hittite cities destroyed possibly by populations coming from Europe (Phrygians ?)

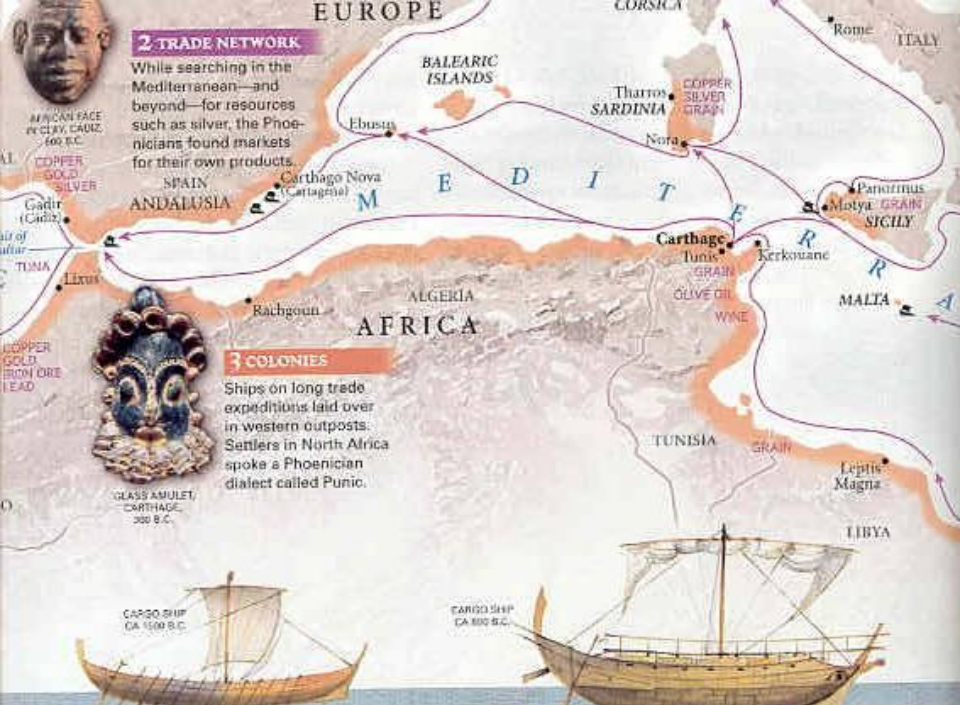


# New States 1200 BCE



# Phoenicians





## 2 TRADE NETWORK

While searching in the Mediterranean—and beyond—for resources such as silver, the Phoenicians found markets for their own products.

## 3 COLONIES

Ships on long trade expeditions laid over in western outposts. Settlers in North Africa spoke a Phoenician dialect called Punic.

0 B.C.

Early as predynastic Egyptians started prized Phoenician traders of goods.

2500 B.C.

Major ports on the Phoenician coast—Byblos, Sidon, Tyre, and Beirut—emerged as independent city-states.

1200 B.C.

A phonetic alphabet of 22 consonants developed, along with a distinct Phoenician language and culture.

877 B.C.

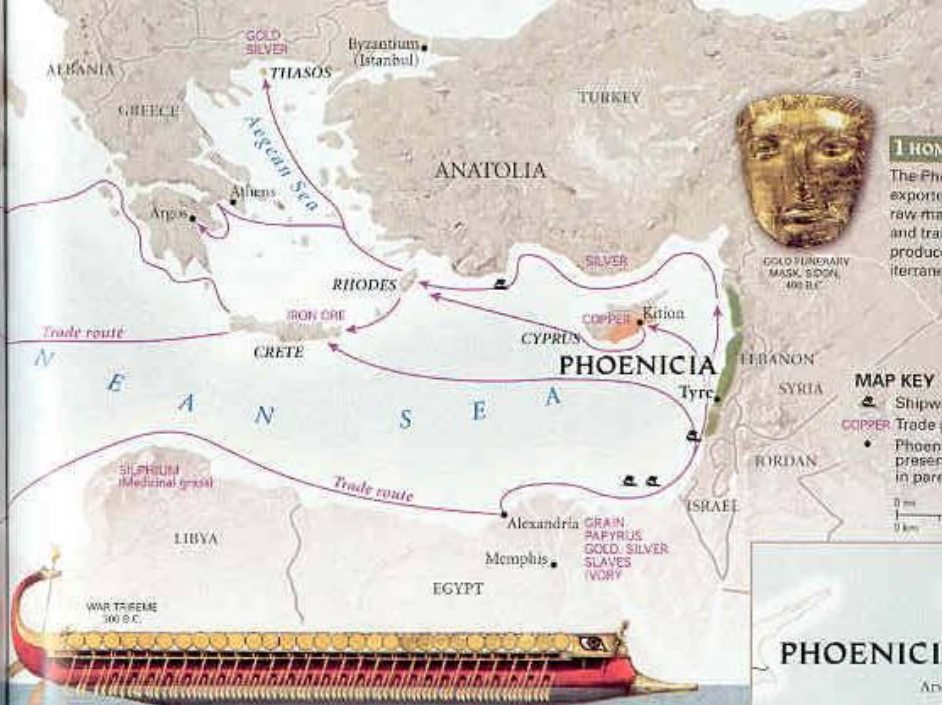
Assyrian King Ashurnasirpal II visited the cities of Phoenicia, which soon began to send gifts as tribute to his empire.

814 B.C.

Expanding westward, Tyre founded Carthage—Qart hadasht, or “new city”—an early Phoenician colony in Africa.

573 B.C.

After his predecessor defeated Assyria, King Nebuchadnezzar II of Babylonia besieged and gained control of Tyre.

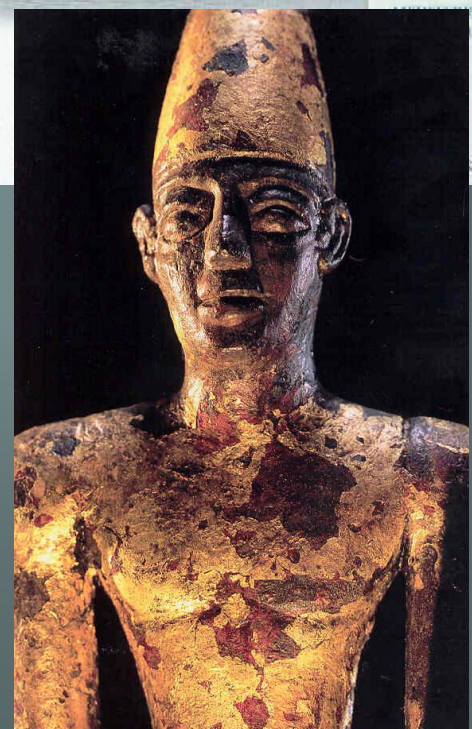
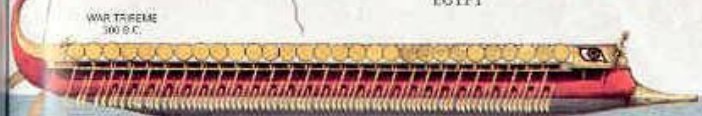


539 B.C.

Persian Emperor Cyrus the Great captured Babylon, and Phoenicia became a province in his vast empire.

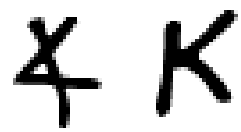
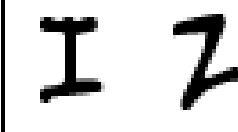
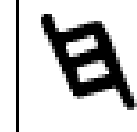
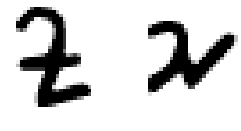
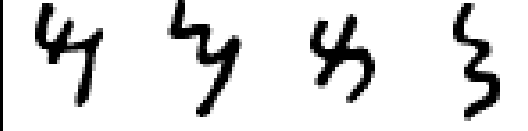
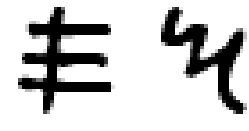
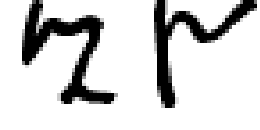
332 B.C.

Alexander the Great crushed Tyre, the only Phoenician city to offer serious resistance to his conquest of Persia.



Baal

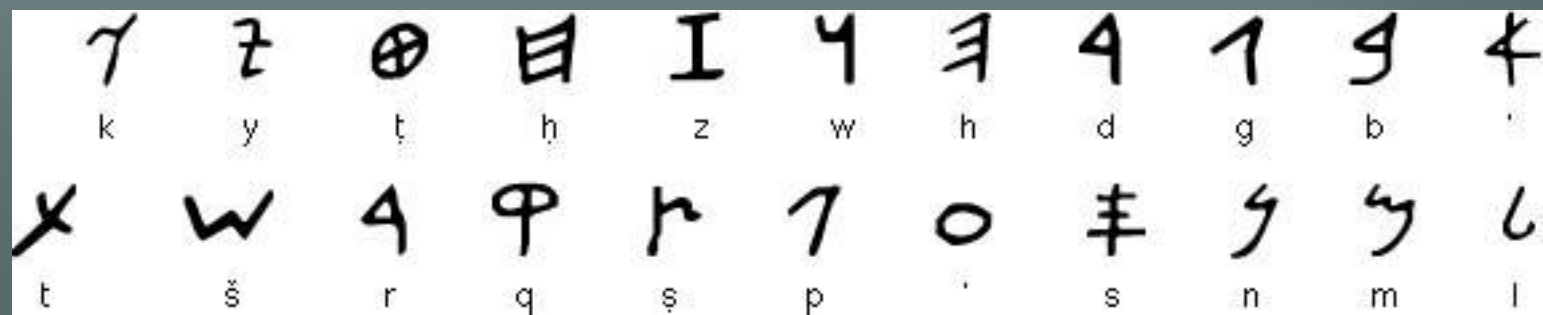
# Phoenician Alphabet

|                                                                                    |                                                                                     |                                                                                     |                                                                                     |                                                                                      |                                                                                       |                                                                                     |                                                                                       |                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|    |    |    |    |     |     |  |    |  |
| aleph                                                                              | beth                                                                                | gimel                                                                               | daleth                                                                              | he                                                                                   | waw                                                                                   | zayin                                                                               | heth                                                                                  | teth                                                                                |
| '                                                                                  | b                                                                                   | g                                                                                   | d                                                                                   | h                                                                                    | w                                                                                     | z                                                                                   | h                                                                                     | t                                                                                   |
|    |    |                                                                                     |    |                                                                                      |     |                                                                                     |    |  |
| yod                                                                                | kaph                                                                                |                                                                                     | lamed                                                                               |                                                                                      | mem                                                                                   |                                                                                     | nun                                                                                   | samekh                                                                              |
| y                                                                                  | k                                                                                   |                                                                                     | l                                                                                   |                                                                                      | m                                                                                     |                                                                                     | n                                                                                     | s                                                                                   |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |                                                                                     |  |                                                                                     |
| ayin                                                                               | pe                                                                                  | sade                                                                                | qoph                                                                                | resh                                                                                 | shin                                                                                  |                                                                                     | taw                                                                                   |                                                                                     |
| '                                                                                  | p                                                                                   | s                                                                                   | q                                                                                   | r                                                                                    | sh/s                                                                                  |                                                                                     | t                                                                                     |                                                                                     |

# Arameans



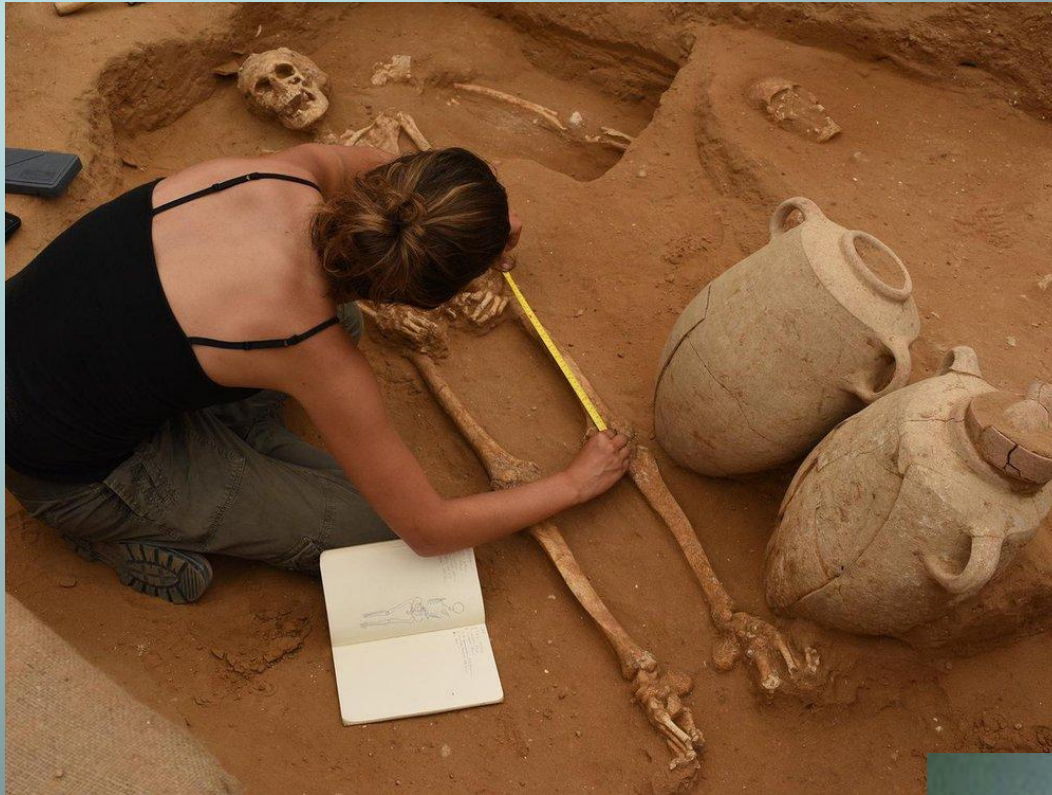


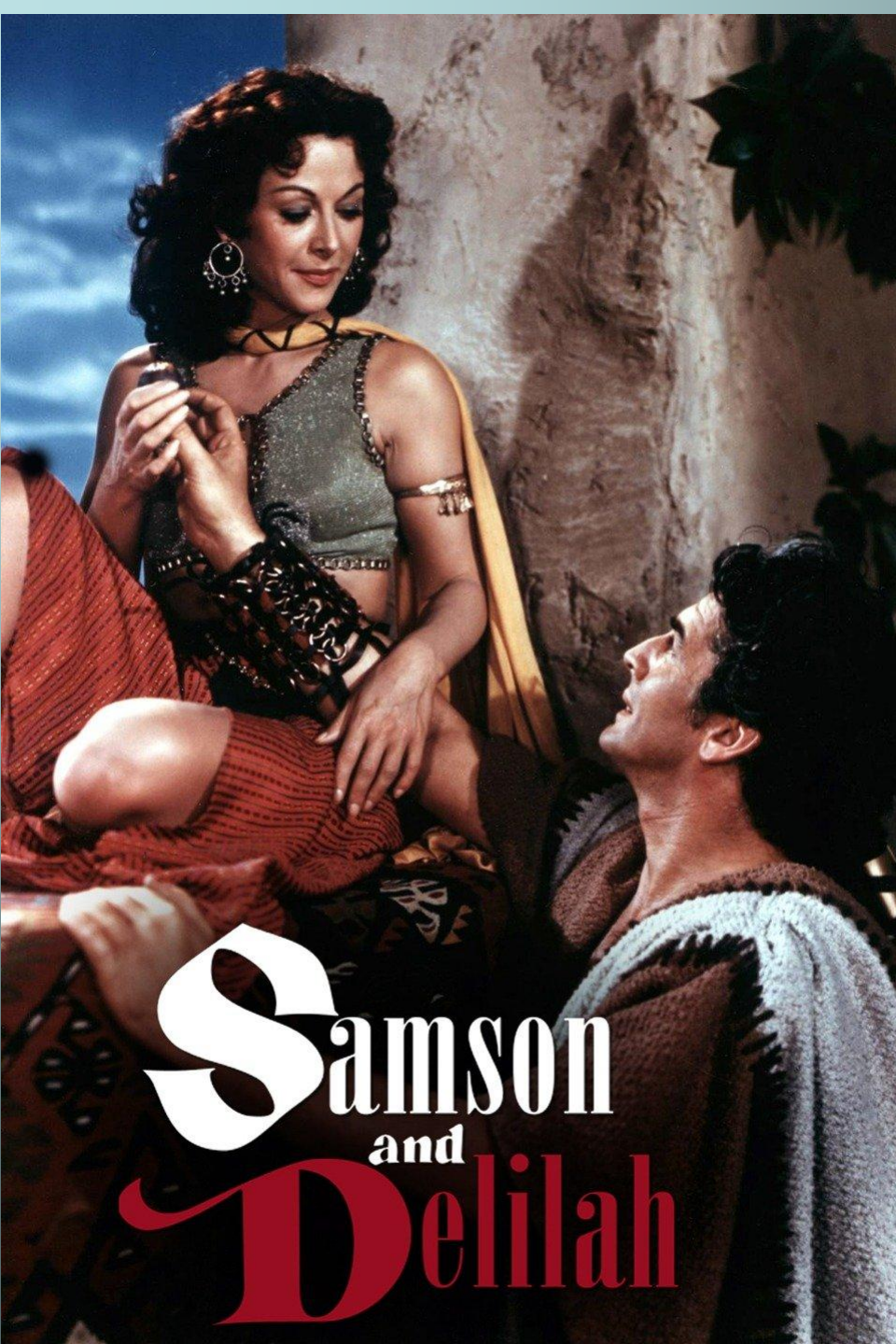


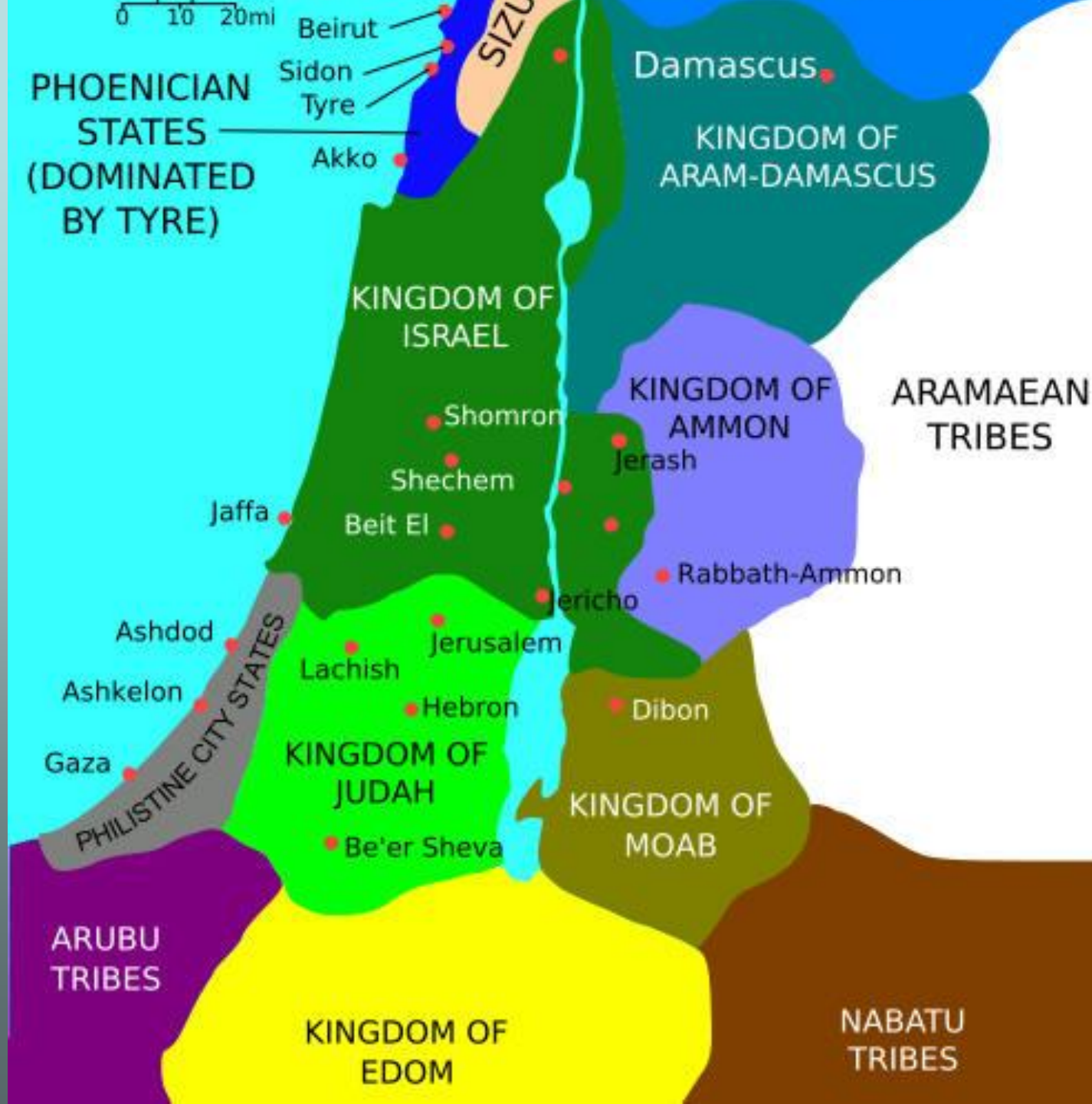
# Philistines



# Philistines







# History of the Jews

|                                                |              |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| Age of the Patriarchs, Abraham, etc            | ?            |
| United Monarchy                                | 1000-930 BCE |
| David & Solomon                                |              |
| Kingdom splits into Israel & Judah             | 930          |
| Assyrians (Sargon II) conquer Israel           | 722          |
| Babylonians conquer Judah                      | 586          |
| First temple destroyed                         |              |
| Babylonian Captivity/Age of the Prophets       |              |
| God?                                           |              |
| Persians allow Jews to return                  | 538          |
| Rome                                           | 63 BCE       |
| Romans destroy 2 <sup>nd</sup> Temple/diaspora | 70 CE        |

Heritage: Civilization and  
the Jews 1984 — 1  
A People is Born  
31:00  
37:00= sea peoples



# An Early Jewish Community

In elephantine  
100es of papyri from  
Jewish colony 6<sup>th</sup> & 5<sup>th</sup>  
cent. BCE In Aramaic  
Import export business  
And mercenaries



# Reconstruction of Jewish Temple to Yahu (Yahweh), Elephantine

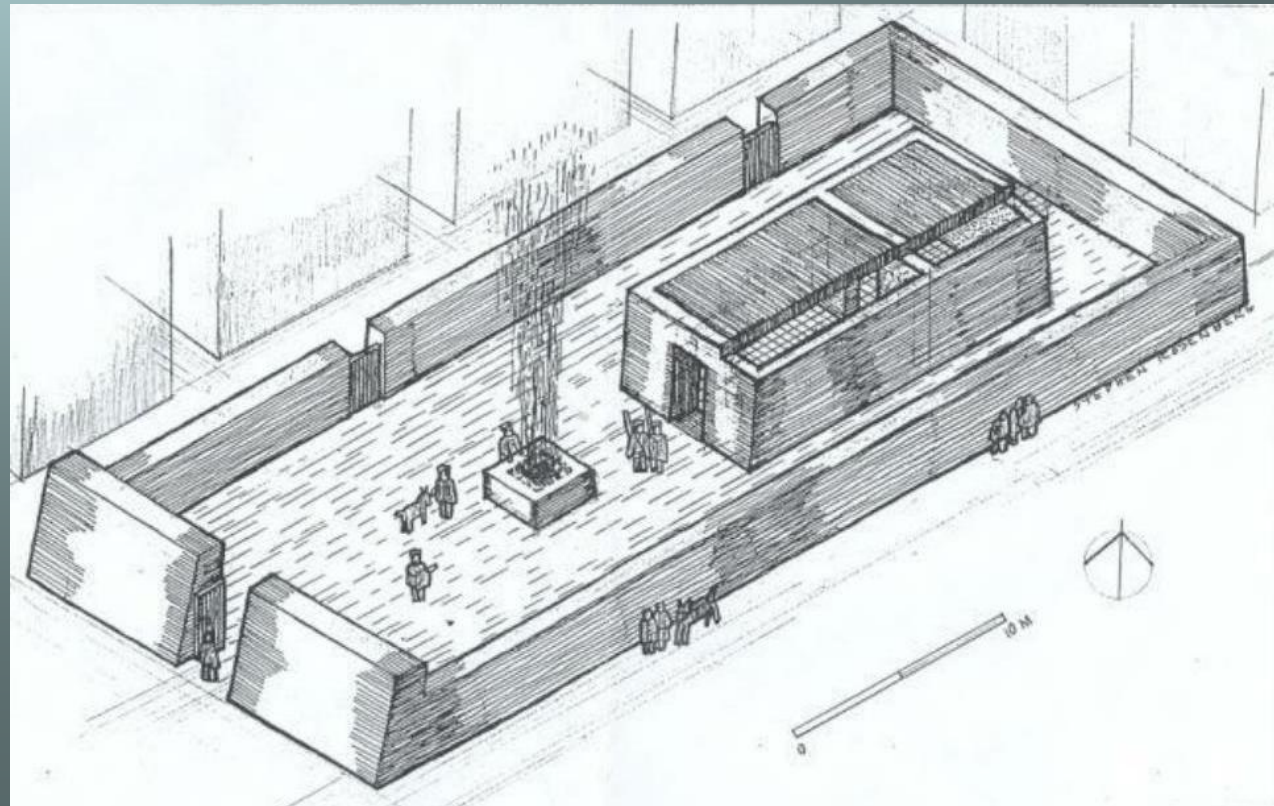
Papyri include letters to priestly authorities

In Jerusalem and officials of the Persian Empire

Papyri date 500 years before Dead Sea Scrolls

Papyri describes early form of Judaism

Judaism was not yet  
Monotheistic. Yahu was  
Most important but there  
Were a few other, like  
Asherah Yahweh's wife  
But they already observed  
The sabbath and Passover  
Women had more rights  
Legal and priestly  
2<sup>nd</sup> cent BCE the  
Septuagint



# Queen of Sheba



# Saba (Sheba)



# Assyria



**The New Assyrian Empire (until 612 BC)**

Sargon II

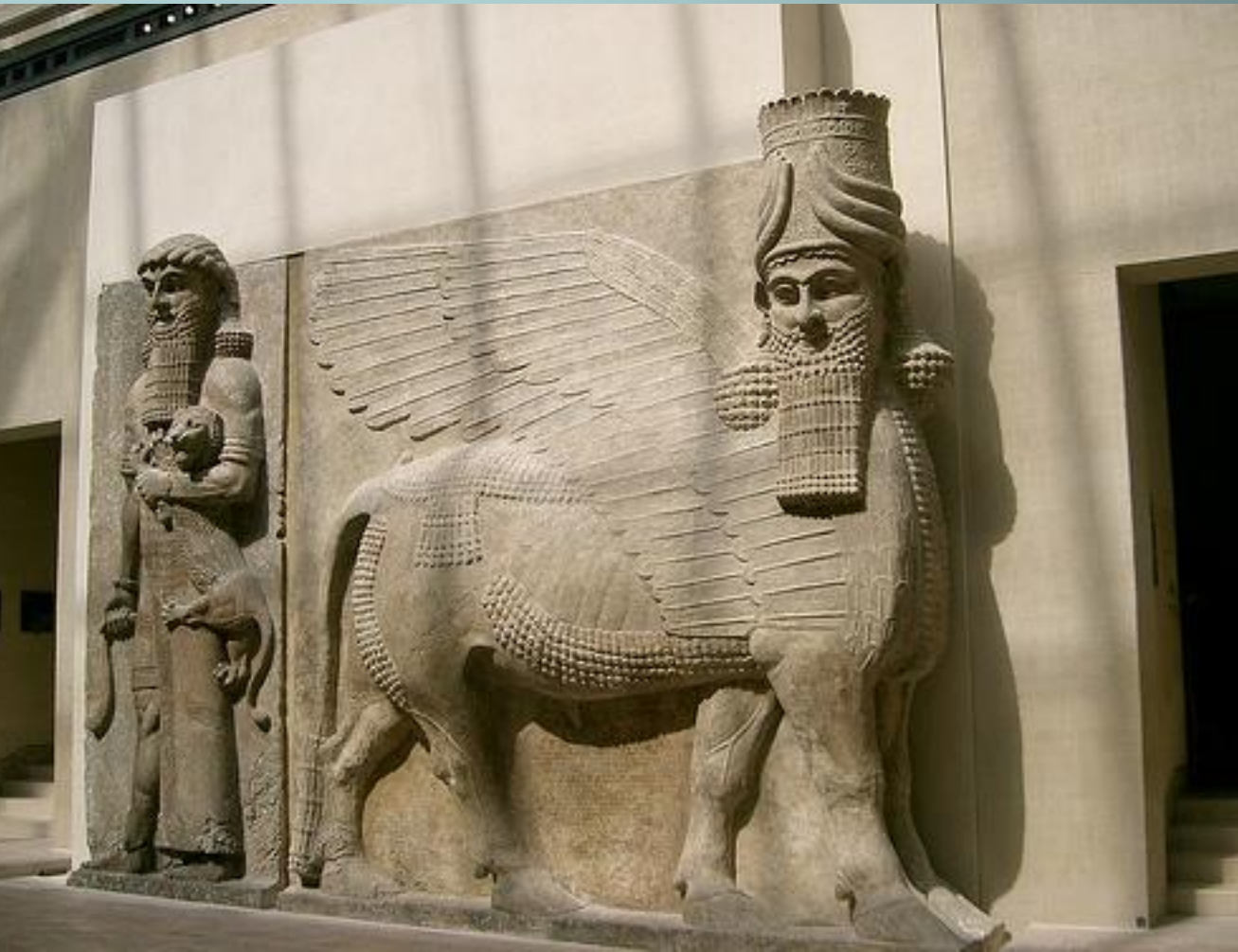
r. 722-705

modeled after Sargon of Akkad & Gilgamesh  
led troops in battle, died in battle, founds empire

Assurbanipal

r. 669-627

ruthless but loved 'books,' c. 100,000 tablets at Nineveh,  
30,000 survive



# Assyrians develop new forms of warfare



Propaganda, beheadings, catapults, heavy chariots, scaling ladders, mass executions, mass deportations



# Assyria falls 612 BCE

- Nehemiah:  
“who will weep for  
Nineveh?”
- Nahun  
“All who hear the  
news of you,  
clap their hands at  
your downfall.”

# Neo-Babylonians, or Chaldeans

## 626-605 BCE



# “Hanging Gardens” of Babylon Nebuchadnezzar



# Israel in Captivity



Nebuchadnezzar, 626-561  
Destroys Jerusalem, 586

## The Fall of Solomon's Temple

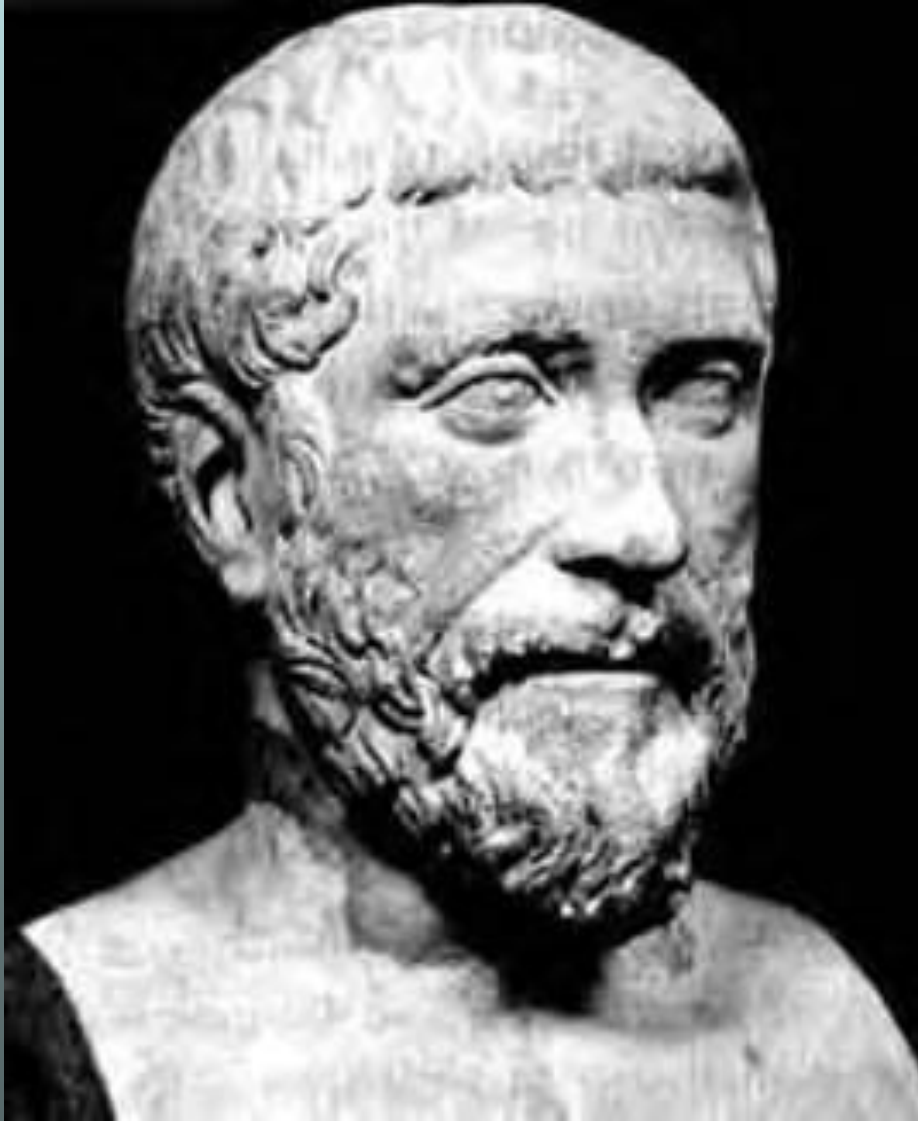








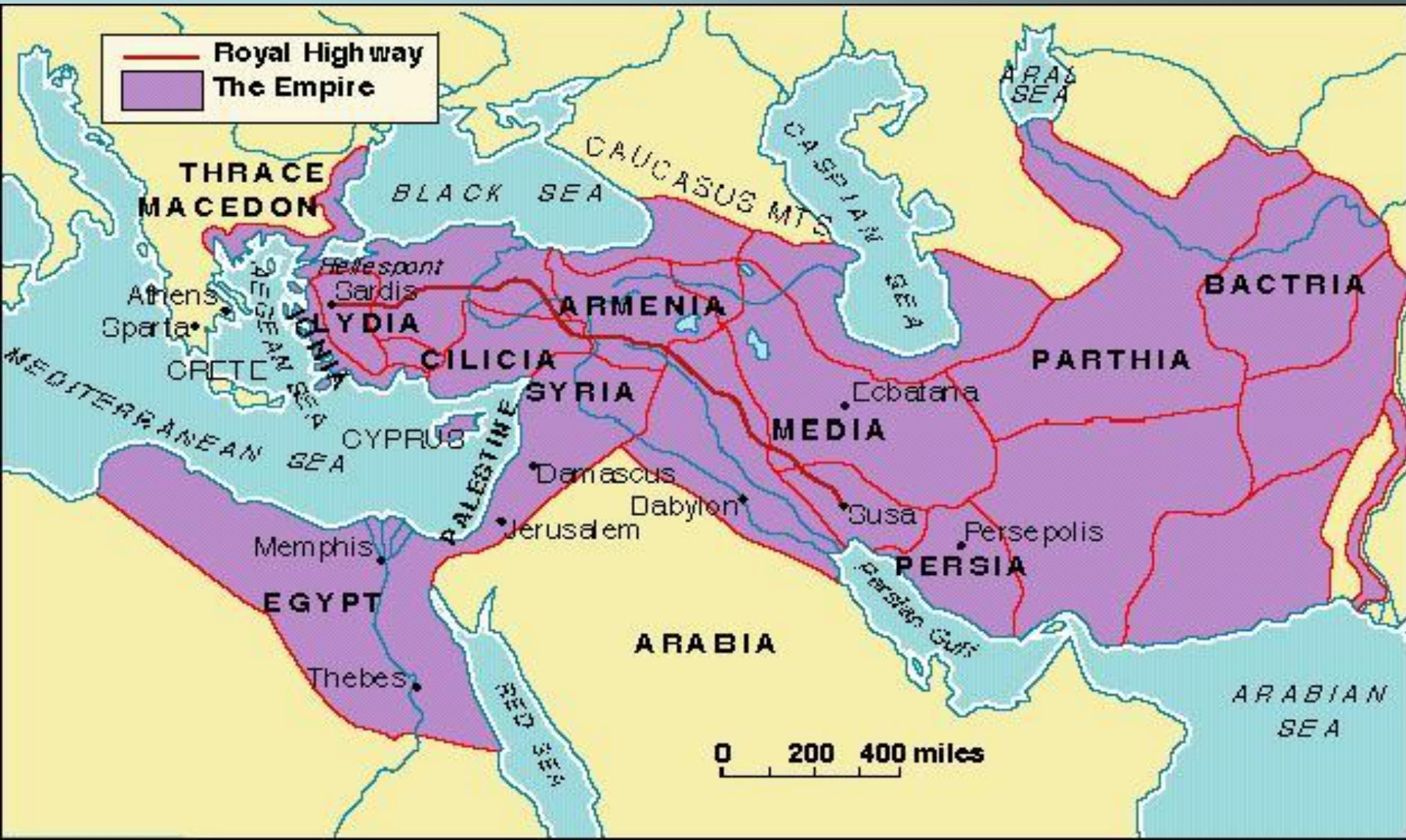
# Pythagoras visits Babylon



## Alexander Enters Babylon Part I - Alexander 2004 - Full HD



# Medes and Persians



CYRUS, 559-520

creates empire, tolerant

Croesus

religion

CAMBYSES, 530-522

conquers Egypt

DARIUS, 522-486

To Indus river

administration

Zoroastrianism

Ahura Mazda vs. Ahriman

# Persepolis



Cyrus the Great establishes  
the Achaemenid Empire |  
World History | Khan  
Academy



# Zoastrianism

Zarathustra c. 5<sup>th</sup> cent. BCE

Where does evil come from?

Dualistic/monotheistic

Universal

Moral/ethical

Revealed-Avesta, divine words

Eschatological- messiah, resurrection, judgment, paradise



Ahura-mazda

Vs

Ahriman

# Zoastrianism

Dualistic/Monotheistic

other

Moral

Revealed

Eschatological

# Religions

Dualistic/Monotheistic

Universal/transcendent

Moral

Exclusive

Revealed

Eschatological

Polytheistic

Egyptian , Sumerian, Shinto

local

not

non-revealed

?